BILL NO. <u>29-0236</u>

Twenty-Ninth Legislature Of The Virgin Islands

November 23, 2011

An Act to establish the Constitution Revision Convention

PROPOSED BY: Senator Ronald E. Russell, Esq.

WHEREAS, the American Law Division of the Library of Congress found, in response to
inquiries from concerned officials, that the congressional authorization to draft a United States Virgin
Islands constitution granted by federal law is a general grant of authority which did not expire when the
prior conventions failed to secure a constitution, and that the Virgin Islands could continue in its pursuit
of a constitution under the same conditions as were described in Public Law 94-584 without need for
further Congressional action; and

WHEREAS, the United States Congress authorized the United States Virgin Islands to establish
a constitutional convention, and the rights, duties and obligations of the convention, as established for
the drafting of a proposed constitution, as set forth in Public Law No. 94-584, approved by Congress on
October 12, 1976, was fully exercised except for certain issues raised by the President of the United
States and the Congress of the United States; and

WHEREAS, the Fifth Constitutional Convention completed a draft document that was sent to the Governor of the United States Virgin Islands which was forwarded to the President of the United States and passed on to the United States Congress for review; and

WHEREAS, Congress and President Obama returned the draft document for revisions by the convention for reasons contained in a Memorandum dated February 23, 2010, by the U.S. Department of Justice Office of the Assistant Attorney General, for the Office of Management and Budget;

WHEREAS, the U.S. Department of Justice's Memorandum, as published on the Department's website, analyzes several features of the proposed constitution of the United States Virgin Islands including: "(1) the absence of an express recognition of United States sovereignty and the supremacy of federal law; (2) provisions for a special election on the USVI's territorial status; (3) provisions conferring legal advantages on certain groups defined by place and timing of birth, timing of residency, or ancestry; (4) residence requirements for certain offices; (5) provisions guaranteeing legislative

representation of certain geographic areas; (6) provisions addressing territorial waters and marine resources; (7) imprecise language in certain provisions of the proposed constitution's bill of rights; (8) the possible need to repeal certain federal laws if the proposed USVI constitution is adopted; and (9) the effect of congressional action or inaction on the proposed constitution"; and

WHEREAS, the guidelines for drafting and completing the proposed revised constitution, as set forth in Public Law No. 94-584 were collectively modified when Congress and President Obama returned the draft document for revisions; and

WHEREAS, the United States Virgin Islands is experiencing a fiscal crisis that challenges the resources available to continue the work started by the Fifth Constitutional Convention, and provisions should be made to modify the law that established the Fifth Constitutional Convention; and

WHEREAS, the resources of the 29th Legislature of the United States Virgin Islands are available for use, integration and collaboration, without additional costs or fees for the completion of a constitutional document to be returned to President Obama and the United States Congress, and

WHEREAS, the 29th Legislature, representing the people of the United States Virgin Islands continue to favor the adoption of a constitution for the Territory as a significant step toward greater self-determination and autonomy in the Territory's relationship with the United States Government, and that a modification to the law creating the Fifth Constitutional Convention is needed; Now, Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the Virgin Islands:

SECTION 1. (a) Notwithstanding any other law or any of the provisions of Act 6688 and the amendments thereto the fifth constitutional convention is hereby dissolved, and the 29th Legislature of the United States Virgin Islands provides the following modifications, amendments, and revisions to Act. No. 6688, the law establishing and convening the Fifth Constitutional Convention.

(b) The 29th Legislature of the United States Virgin Islands is hereby established as the Constitutional Revision Convention [CRC] to revise, modify and amend the draft Virgin Islands Constitution created by the Fifth Constitutional Convention, and is called to convene at the Earle B. Ottley Legislative Hall, Charlotte Amalie, St. Thomas. Elected officials identified in subsection (c) shall convene at the call of the President of the 29th Legislature to ratify and approve the final revised constitution drafted by the legal team assembled to revise the document drafted by the Fifth Constitutional Convention.

(c) The CRC shall be comprised of the fifteen elected Senators of the 29th Legislature.

(d) Powers and duties of the CRC are plenary concerning any revisions, modifications, substitutions and deletions to any draft document prepared by prior constitutional conventions, including the Fifth Constitutional Convention.

(e) The CRC shall have a legal team available and use for all legal matters the Chief Legal Counsel of the 29th Legislature and two Assistant Legislative Legal Counsels. The CRC legal team may also include two private attorneys and one government attorney designated by the President of the 29th Legislature, provided that they shall serve as part of the CRC legal team *pro bono*, and shall be subject to the supervision of the Chief Legal Counsel of the 29th Legislature.

(f) The CRC legal team shall be responsible for all modifications, revisions, legal review and legal analysis of: all prior drafts of the United States Virgin Islands Constitution including the draft produced by the Fifth Constitutional Convention; any revisions, modifications, substitutions and deletions deemed necessary as were recommended, commented and analyzed by Congress, President Barack Obama, and the United States Department of Justice. The legal team may conduct any further research, utilize other constitutions and/or expert opinions, as the legal team deems helpful in completing a draft document for review by the CRC.

(g) The CRC legal team shall first review and revise provisions of draft Fifth Constitutional Convention document that were identified by President Barack Obama and the United States Congress as problematic to make that document consistent with mandate of the United States Congress and the concerns raised; upon completion of those revisions and any other revisions it deems appropriate, the Chief Legal Counsel shall provide the revised document to the President of the 29th Legislature for distribution to CRC members and the public for review, comments and further suggested revisions, modifications, substitutions and deletions as approved by a majority of the members of the CRC. The CRC legal team shall complete a revised draft Constitution of the Virgin Islands for the public and the CRC within sixty (60) days of the enactment of this law.

(h) The President of the 29th Legislature of the United States Virgin Islands shall preside over the CRC as its Chairman and any needed succession in leadership shall adhere to the Rules of the 29th legislature.

(i) To assist this process until completion and provide all needed resources, the President of the 29th Legislature may appoint special committees of the CRC or 29th Legislature as may be needed to assist the Territory with the adoption of a constitution.

(j) All decisions of the CRC shall be by affirmative vote of a majority of the CRC.

(k) A quorum of the CRC shall be 8 members. No CRC business shall be conducted in the absence of a quorum.

(l) If at any time during the proceedings of the CRC any delegate dies, resigns, relocates outside of the Territory, or otherwise becomes disqualified, or is unable to serve, the vacancy shall automatically be filled by the unelected senatorial candidate that received the next highest number of votes in the 2010 general election in the district that produced the vacancy, provided that he or she is willing to serve.

(m) The CRC shall adopt a proposed revised Virgin Islands Constitution no later than March 31, 2012. When the CRC, by a majority vote agrees on a proposed revised Virgin Islands Constitution, the Chair of the CRC shall submit it to the Governor of the Virgin Islands, in compliance with the provisions of Public Law 94-584, section 4. Within ten (10) days of submission to the Governor of the Virgin Islands, the proposed revised Virgin Islands Constitution shall be submitted by the Governor to the President of the United States.

(n) The CRC shall go into recess pending action by the President and Congress, as required by Public Law 94-584, section 5. If the proposed revised Virgin Islands Constitution is approved by Congress on or before September 6, 2012, a territory-wide referendum shall be placed on the general election ballot/machine for the purpose of adopting or rejecting the proposed revised Virgin Islands Constitution by a vote of not less than a majority of the voters participating in the general election held on the first Tuesday in November, 2012. The form of the referendum ballot, including the question presented to the voters, shall be "Are you in favor of the Proposed Revised Virgin Islands Constitution".

The options of "YES" and "NO" shall be provided. The ballots/machines for the referendum shall be available in English and with Spanish translation available on request. Timely notice of the referendum shall be broadcast and published by the 29th Legislature of the Virgin Islands and the Virgin Islands Board of Elections. Except as otherwise provided for in this Act, the referendum shall be governed by title 18 of the Virgin Islands Code, and all penalties provided by the law shall apply to the referendum.

(o) If the proposed revised Virgin Islands Constitution is approved by not less than a majority of the voters participating in the general election, the Virgin Islands Constitution shall become effective as approved by the public within ninety (90) days from the date of the referendum.

(p) The CRC shall meet at the call of the President of the 29th Legislature after the referendum election for the purpose of:

(1) Announcing the outcome of the referendum to the people of the Virgin Islands;

(2) Certifying the results of the referendum to Congress and the President of the United States;

(3) Establishing the date the Constitution of the Virgin Islands will become effective, as provided under subsection (o); and

(4) Adjourning sine die and discharging the CRC.

BILL SUMMARY

This bill seeks to establish the Constitution Revision Convention to revise, modify, and amend the draft of the Virgin Islands Constitution. Subsection (a) indicates that this bill serves to modify and amend Act. No. 6688 establishing the Fifth Constitutional Convention. Subsection (b) establishes the Constitutional Revision Convention [CRC]. Subsection (c) establishes the composition of the CRC. Subsection (d) grants plenary powers to the CRC over revisions and modifications of the Virgin Islands Constitution. Subsection (e) establishes the CRC legal team and provides that the Chief Legal Counsel of the 29th Legislature shall supervise the legal team that may include private attorneys that work pro bono. Subsection (f) defines the legal responsibilities the legal team and their role in adhering to the recommendations of the Department of Justice Memorandum and their scope. Subsection (g) provides the priority for the CRC legal team, a time certain for the completion of the first draft of the revised draft

1 constitution and delineates how the revised draft Constitution of the Virgin Islands is to be presented to 2 the CRC. Subsection (h) provides for the President of the 29th Legislature to preside over the CRC. 3 Subsection (i) authorizes the President of the 29th Legislature to appoint special committees to assist the 4 process and the CRC. Subsection (i) indicates how decisions of the CRC are to be made. Subsection (k) 5 tells how many members of the CRC establish a quorum. Subsection (1) provides for replacing CRC 6 members. Subsection (m) sets a deadline for the CRC to adopt a revised Virgin Islands Constitution. 7 Subsection (n) provides for the CRC to recess while the revised Virgin Islands Constitution is 8 considered by Congress and the President of the United States, and for a territory-wide referendum on 9 the Virgin Islands Constitution if it is approved. Subsection (o) provides for the CRC to establish an 10 effective date for the Constitution of the Virgin Islands. Subsection (p) indicates how the UCRC is to 11 come to a close.

- **12** 11-1002/November 21, 2011/ EEM/Reviewed by TF
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